

Institutional Capacity Enhancement for Surveillance of Food Systems in Ghana



INTRODUCTION

This quarterly bulletin seeks to assess food stock levels, pattern of drawdowns of grain stocks (Maize, Millet, Sorghum, Rice, Soyabean, Groundnut and Cowpea) in households and markets in the AGRA Zone of Interest (ZOI) in Northern Ghana. Cereals and legumes serve as staple food and cash crops in many households in the ZOI. As such, accurate knowledge of the quantity of grain stocks, drawdowns in households, as well as volumes and prices of grain stocks in markets is crucial for policy formulation on food security.

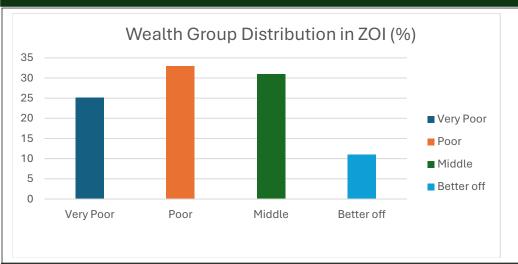
METHODOLOGY

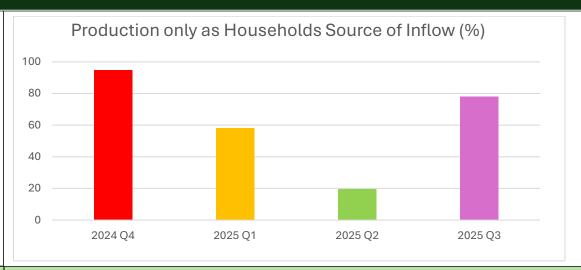
- Households are categorized by wealth status (Better off, Middle, Poor, Very Poor). Thirty (30) households are selected to represent each district, proportional to the wealth distribution of the district. Selected households are visited quarterly to assess their levels of stocks.
- Data was collected in all major markets in the districts to assess the stock levels and prices in markets.



KEY FINDINGS

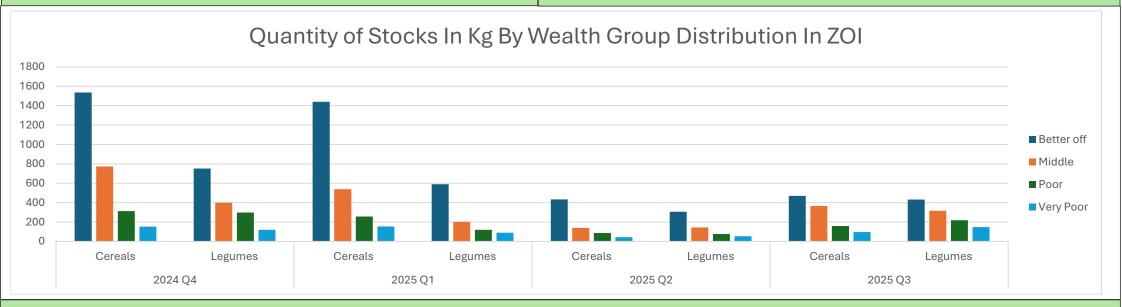




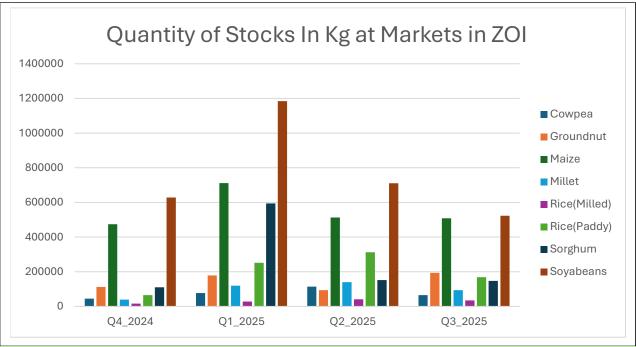


Generally, there are more 'Poor' households in the ZOI compared to the other wealth groups.

"Production only" as a source of inflow for households in ZOI experienced a gradual decline from Q4_2024 to Q2_2025 and a rebound in Q3_2025



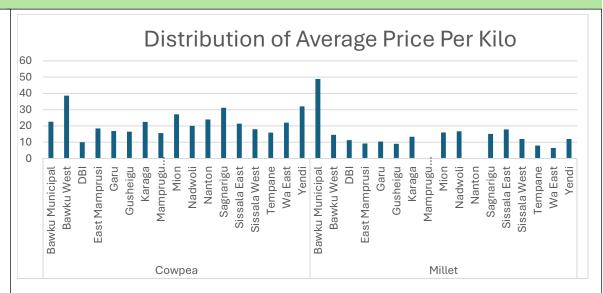
- 1. Stock levels are higher among the "Better off" households.
- 2. All stock levels for the various commodities recorded a downward trend from Q4_2024 to Q2_2025. However, quantities of stocks in Q3_2025 increased.



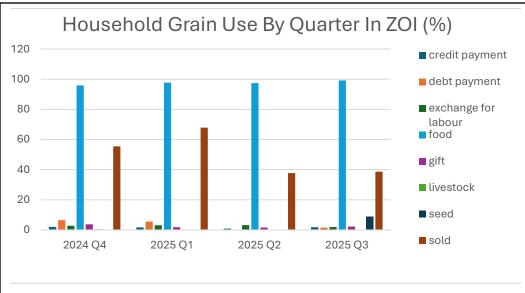


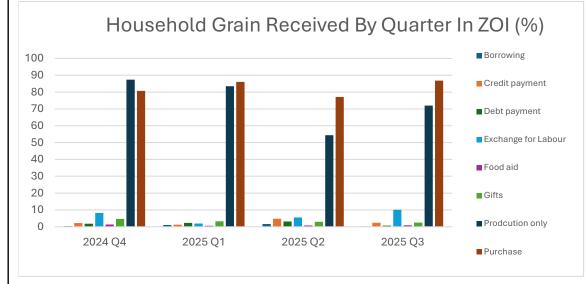
- 1. Generally, the quantity of grains in the ZOI markets fluctuates from one quarter to another.
- 2. ZOI Districts in the Northern Region comparatively had more grains in the markets compared to other regions in Q3_2025 in reference to the map.
- 3. Soyabean recorded the highest quantities of grain stocks across all quarters, while rice (milled) recorded the least quantities of grain stocked in markets across ZOI.





- 1. Generally, prices of grains per kilo decreased in Q3_2025, compared to Q2_2025 in the ZOI.
- 2. Cowpea and Millet recorded the highest and lowest variation respectively.
- 1. Bawku West recorded the highest price per kilo for cowpea, while Daffiama Bussie Issa recorded the least price per kilo in ZOI.
- Bawku Municipal recorded the highest price per kilo for millet, while Wa East recorded the least price per kilo in the ZOI.





Generally, households use more of their grain stock for food across quarters.

Across quarters, households received grains mainly from own production and purchase.













KEY COLLABORATORS













